

### MAS439/MAS6320 - PROBLEMS - WEEK 3

**Question 1.** Which of these rings are local? For the local ones specify the maximal ideal.

- $\mathbb{Z}/p$  ( $p$  prime)
- $\mathbb{Z}/p \times \mathbb{Z}/q$  ( $p, q$  primes)
- $\mathbb{C}[x]/(x^5)$
- $\mathbb{C}[x, y]_{(y)}$

(4 marks)

The next two questions demonstrate the idea of checking properties of modules and homomorphisms *locally*, i.e. for every prime or maximal ideal. This idea is at the heart of Algebraic Geometry where maximal ideals form the set of points of an algebraic set.

**Question 2.** Prove that the following conditions for an  $R$ -module  $M$  are equivalent:

- (a)  $M = 0$
- (b)  $M_P = 0$  for all prime ideals  $P \subset R$
- (c)  $M_m = 0$  for all maximal ideals  $m \subset R$

[Hint: the implication (c)  $\implies$  (a) is not very easy; you will need to use that every proper ideal in  $I \subset R$  is contained in a maximal ideal.] (3 marks)

**Question 3.** Use the result of the previous question to prove that the following conditions for an  $R$ -module homomorphism  $f : M \rightarrow N$  are equivalent:

- (a)  $f : M \rightarrow N$  is an isomorphism
- (b)  $f_P : M_P \rightarrow N_P$  is an isomorphism for all prime ideals  $P$
- (c)  $f_P : M_P \rightarrow N_P$  is an isomorphism for all maximal ideals  $m \subset R$

[Hint: even if you haven't completely solved Question 2, you can just apply its result as a black box here.] (3 marks)